



## PRESIDENT AND THE SAILORS

What He Said to the Men on Board U. S. S. Louisiana on His Homeward Voyage.

### IN TIME OF PEACE THEY MUST BE GOOD

Proud of Them and of Ships and Prepared to Aid Them in Securing Decent Treatment in Amusement Places.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—President Roosevelt, in his trip to and from Panama on the battleship Louisiana, mingled freely with the officers and men, of whom he speaks in the highest commendation. He participated in the chief petty officers' mess and visited the branch of the Army and Navy Union, which has an organization of about fifty members on the Louisiana and whose meeting place was down in the hold of the ship.

#### A Vaudeville Show.

On the homeward trip a vaudeville entertainment was given by the men in honor of President and Mrs. Roosevelt. This took place during the early part of the voyage, and was held at night. President and Mrs. Roosevelt and the officers of the ship were the guests of honor and occupied the front seats, while the men were scattered around in the conning towers, on the bridge and other points of vantage. There was a program of sixteen selections made up of songs, sketches, solos of various kinds and autographs.

#### Address to Sailors.

Sunday, as the vessel was nearing the Virginia Capes, the president delivered a speech to the men assembled on board the vessel, in which he told them of what he had experienced and gave them some advice. His remarks were as follows:

"Captain, officers and enlisted men of the Louisiana.

"I wish to thank you for as pleasant and interesting a trip as any president has ever had on land or sea, and a profitable trip, too. Not only do I not see how any president, but I do not see how any good American can fail to believe with all his heart in the United States navy, and can fail to do all that in him lies for the officers and men of that navy, in order that the navy itself may be in the role of a constantly increasing state of perfection as formidable, fighting ships."

#### Proud of Ships and Men.

"This is the third of our great ships on which I have spent some time, the other two being the West Virginia and the Missouri. I am very proud of the ship; I am even prouder of the men aboard the ship."

President Roosevelt warmly thanked and congratulated the engineer for "letting out a little" during the homeward voyage, during which time the Louisiana exceeded her contract speed of eighteen knots by from half to three-quarters of a knot.

#### Places of Amusement.

The president continued: "One thing more I take this chance to say. I have been astounded and mortified at the attitude of certain people ashore, in declining to allow Uncle Sam's men, when they have their uniforms on, to come into places of amusement. Outside of Washington I have no control over these places of amusement; in Washington I have any place of amusement to which admission is denied to reputable men who are behaving themselves, and who wear the uniform of the army or the navy, will lose its license, if it is in my power to cause the loss, and I think it is."

"Now, in closing, one word, which I think is needless, I hope that every man here, officers and enlisted men alike will remember that his profession sets him apart from all other men in the country, not in the army or the navy, by putting on shoulders a peculiar responsibility. You enlisted men, if you stay in the service thirty years and have taken reasonable advantage of your opportunities during that time can then, perhaps, at the age of 50 or 55, retire on what is practically a pension of the neighborhood of \$600 a year. Uncle Sam has your interests at heart. You have from our people a measure of hope and belief and affection such as rightly enough, is yielded to no others."

#### In Peace and War.

"Now, in return, remember that each of you is in honor bound so to fit himself in time of peace that, in time of war he and his comrades can render such an account of themselves as to turn a new page in the long honor roll of United States history. It will depend upon how you have done your duty in time of peace whether or not should war come the nation will have cause to feel pride or to feel shame."

"In conclusion, let me say how glad I am to be with you, how proud as the chief executive of the American people I am of you, and how heartily I believe in the character and quality of officers and enlisted men of the American fleet. I greet you and thank you again."

### SAN FRANCISCO'S GAFT INQUIRY

Grand Jury Examined Several Witnesses But Returned No Indictments Yesterday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—The grand jury this morning resumed its inquiry into charges of extortion from various resorts that existed before the fire. Among those summoned to appear before the jury as witnesses were James W. Coffroth, Douglas Young and E. E. Nathanson.

At 2:30 o'clock the grand jury excused all witnesses until 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

A number of witnesses were examined at the afternoon session, but no indictments were returned.

Judge Murasky, acting as presiding judge of the Superior court, has assigned the trial of the indictments found by the grand jury against Supervisor E. P. Nichols and Peter M. Duffy to Judge Lawlor's department.

NO SEATS FOR PARENTS OF THE PRIMA DONNA

Miss Farrar's Triumph as Juliet Appealed With Special Force to Them.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The two spectators probably most interested in last night's performance of "Romeo and Juliet" at the Metropolitan opera house were compelled to take their places among those standing at the back of the brass rail, as there were no seats to be had for them. They were Sid Farrar and his wife, the parents of the young American prima donna. When they thought of securing seats for themselves it was already too late.

Another interested spectator in the orchestra stalls was Alice, Emma Eames, who made her first appearance before her own countrymen as Juliet on the stage of the Metropolitan fifty years ago. Mme. Eames applauded Miss Farrar most enthusiastically.

### FOETUS PUT IN EVIDENCE

Sensation in the Gillette Murder Case.

More Testimony to Prove that Grace Brown Died from Blows.

HERKIMER, N. Y., Nov. 27.—With interest heightened by the declaration of medical experts that Grace Brown was clubbed before she fell into the waters of Big Moose lake, there was a larger crowd than ever at the Gillette murder trial today. More than 1000 persons were turned away and those who got seats were on hand as early as 7 o'clock to secure them.

The prosecution cannot complete its case before Thanksgiving and the case will not go to the jury before Wednesday of next week.

A Dig for Mayor Duane.

"I have been told that I have been snubbed by the mayor of the city," said the senator. "I never saw Mayor Duane in my life. I did not ask him to be here tonight to introduce me to this audience, nor did I ask anyone else to do so. If anyone has been snubbed it is these 'gracious ladies' who planned this meeting to secure money for the Chicago Union hospital, who requested Mayor Duane, the creature of a political hour, to come forward and add his name to the list of the dead."

Thomas assured the court that the girl's pregnant condition would not be disputed.

The district attorney insisted that the exhibit be identified.

"I would like to exhibit the girl's entire body here," said Ward. "I have a right to take it from its grave if I want to nail it up here."

The exhibit was admitted. Dr. E. H. Douglass, who occupied the witness stand, swearing he assisted in its removal from the body found in Big Moose lake.

Dr. Douglass today gave several comparisons between the conditions usually found in drowned bodies and the conditions found in the body of Grace Brown.

Dr. George H. Smith corroborated the testimony of Dr. E. H. Douglass and A. Douglass, who preceded him today, by testifying that Grace Brown came to her death from blows.

The defense scored a point when Rev. Cuthbert Frost of Louisville, failed to repeat his statement that Gillette was the first to speak of the drowning of Grace Brown, after his arrival at Arrowhead. Rev. Frost refused to swear to that statement again.

MURKIN'S EXCELLENT CHARITY

Proceeds of Her Benefit Concert Enabled Conrad's Orchestra to Replace Instruments.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the instruments lost in San Francisco.

REPLACES INSTRUMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Madame Sembrich today distributed the fund which she raised last spring at her recital at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the orchestra of the Conrad Metropolitan Opera company, who suffered through the earthquake at San Francisco.

In all, 165 members of the company shared in the \$10,156, which was the net receipt of the recital. As the concert was primarily intended to raise money to buy new instruments for the players in the orchestra, they received \$761. The remainder, \$243, was divided among the chorus. Every player in the orchestra has been enabled to replace the



## A REPLY TO ELIHU ROOT

New York Paper on South American Trade.

Tariff Revision Is Needed for the Increase of Business There.

Our trade with South America, which remained virtually stationary for a long series of years, has shown during the first six years of the present century a fair proportion of increase. It amounted to \$133,000,000 in 1900 and reached a total of \$215,000,000 in the fiscal year ending with last June. Of this latter total, \$140,000,000 represented imports and \$75,000,000 exports. It would thus appear, says the New York Journal of Commerce, that we are buying nearly twice as much from South America as we sell in that market, and that it only needs a little better directed energy to make the process of barter more nearly an equal one. But South America is a very large expression indeed—two and one-half times as large as the United States without Alaska—comprising a great variety of states of extremely diverse conditions of material and commercial development.

More than the entire difference between the sum of our exports to and our imports from the South American continent is accounted for by the disproportion between our purchases from and our sales to Brazil. In the last fiscal year the former aggregated \$80,000,000 and the latter only \$14,000,000. So, in a lesser degree with Chile, from which our imports were \$17,000,000 and our exports only \$8,000,000 in the last fiscal year. But from Argentina our imports amounted to only \$18,000,000, while our exports reached the sum of \$22,700,000. In other words, the country which buys from us nearly as much as all the rest of the South American countries put together has to settle with us in gold for about 44 per cent of all she takes of our products.

It is, therefore, not singular that Mr. Charles M. Pepper should have reported two years ago in regard to one important branch of our export trade with Argentina as follows: "The largest individual customer for steel rails and railway materials is the Argentine Republic, yet the United States does not have the share of this trade which it should have. In the last year for which statistics are available Argentine imports of steel rails were \$1,07,000, of which only \$163,000 was from the United States; railway materials, exclusive of rails and rolling stock, \$1,779,466, of which \$392,358 was from the United States. Of locomotives the imports amounted to \$845,000, to which the United States contributed only \$10,000. The importation of railway cars amounted to \$247,000, of which \$188,000 was from the United States."

In his speech before the Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress, Secretary Root made a laborious compilation of the reports of our consuls and special agents in regard to the neglected requirements of the South American trade, and embodied these in a series of recommendations for the guidance of manufacturers and exporters. The manifest defect of the secretary's carefully collated advice is that it deals with matters so extremely obvious as to assume a lamentable defect of intelligence among the men who have been engaged for a generation or two in the active conduct of our trade with South America. According to Mr. Root's code of commercial maxims, the South American exporter "should learn what the South Americans want and conform his product to their wants. If they think they need heavy castings he should give them heavy castings and not expect them to buy light ones because he thinks they are better. If they want coarse cottons he should give them coarse cottons and not expect them to buy fine cottons."

Had Mr. Root pushed his inquiries a little farther he might readily have discovered that the question of maintaining two standards in staple articles of manufacture is not one that can be disposed of by the statement that while it may not pay today it will pay tomorrow. The amateur investigators whose judgment Mr. Root sets above that of experienced manufacturers and merchants lack both the knowledge and the experience to decide such a question offhand. Nor is it very much more to the purpose to dispense solemn counsels about the employment of agents who speak the language of the country to which they are sent, about conforming the credit system to that of the country where we wish to sell goods, about establishing banks to facilitate trade and about impressing upon everybody who has any dealings with South Americans the necessity of according them the respect which they are accustomed to demand and to which they are justly entitled.

All this is tolerably familiar to the mercantile public who are interested in such matters and who pay any attention to the contents of the daily commercial reports, but it does not acquire any new weight or seriousness from being hastily adopted as the last expression of commercial wisdom by the secretary of state. Though the secretary's mind seems to be open to the justly formed opinions of perambulatory reporters, it is evidently closed against the one form of counsel that goes to the root of the commercial difficulty of dealing with a country like Argentina, whose exports aggregate just about as much as those of Brazil, Chile and Peru combined, and which imports very much more than all three. It is Secretary Root's deliberate judgment that "we cannot repeat the protective tariff or no political party dreams of repealing it; we do not wish to lower the standard of American living or American wages." But how about the modification of the tariff, either by reduction or abolition of duties on the negotiation of reciprocity treaties, accomplishing the same end by indirectation?

That is a question which Mr. Root chooses to evade, but a plain answer to it would have been worth a good deal more than the two or three columns of advice with which he has favored those engaged in trying to extend our trade with South America. The last official utterance of Mr. Root's party on the question of reciprocity confined the making of commercial treaties to such arrangements as "can be effected consistent with the principles of protection, and without injury to American agriculture, American labor or any American industry." That, as Mr. Root must be aware, has been found fatal to the negotiation of any commercial treaty with Argentina, because such a treaty necessarily included a regulation

of our wool duties and was thus deemed to be injurious to one of the branches of our agriculture. This is but one demonstration among many of the absolute incompatibility of the hard and fast economic principles which bear the party stamp of Republican and any intelligent movement for the extension of our foreign trade.

INVESTED MONEY  
ON "SPIRITS" ADVICE

Sensational Testimony In Suit for Accounting of Bath House Company.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Nov. 27.—The efforts of the defense to show that Mrs. Pauline Youngberg of Denver financed the Manitou bath house proposition of F. N. Hitchcock of her own free will have brought to light the story of a strange spiritualistic force said to have been employed to make Mrs. Youngberg part with her money. According to Mrs. Youngberg's testimony in the district court today, in the suit brought by Joannette Campbell and other stockholders in the Manitou bath house company, to secure an accounting of the funds turned over to President Hitchcock, the powers of suggestion were employed to influence her in buying stock in the company.

"Hitchcock began talking about spiritualism soon after I first met him," said Mrs. Youngberg, in telling of her experiences with the Manitou bath house promoter. "That was in the summer of 1904, and from that time to about a year ago I attended meetings." Mrs. Youngberg said that the spirits told her that Hitchcock's plan was a good investment, that Hitchcock was a careful, reliable business man and that she would make money if she would go into business with him. Mrs. Youngberg is said to have invested approximately \$4000.

BRAVE WOMAN  
SAVED SHIP

Captain's Wife at the Helm  
Forty-Eight Hours.

Stirring Story of the Sea Told  
on Arrival Safely in  
Port.

MACHIAS, Maine, Nov. 27.—To the heroic fortitude of the captain's wife, Mrs. Frank McGuire, who stood lashed to the wheel during the severe gale that swept the coast from Sunday, Nov. 11th to the following Wednesday, is due largely the safety of the schooner, Gold Hunter, of Blue Hills, Maine, which worked her way into this harbor yesterday, eleven days overdue from Portland. The little vessel showed plainly the marks of the storm. Her deck was awfully clean and her sails were in tatters, but the hull withstood the terrific pounding it received.

The Gold Hunter, with Captain McGuire, his wife and one man for an attendant, left Portland, Nov. 10th, with a general cargo for this port. On Nov. 11th the Gold Hunter made good progress with clear weather until afternoon, when the wind breezed up from the northeast while the vessel was four miles off Peter Manan light.

A sudden gust of wind split the mainsail of the vessel and carried away the jib. Without her head sail, the little schooner became unmanageable. The sea made up rapidly and the vessel was continually smothered in the wash of the breakers. Mrs. McGuire was below at the time the storm broke, preparing supper, but rushed on deck and took the wheel, while her husband and his assistant went to work to bend on a foresail so as to bring the vessel up to the wind.

With the craft wallowing wildly in the trough of the sea this task was most difficult. With great patience and consummate seamanship, the men labored for hours to get their little rag of sail set while Mrs. McGuire, lashed to the wheel, stood as well as she could while little steering was possible on the almost helpless craft.

Finally the foresail was rigged, double reefed, and while the two men clung exhausted to the mast, Mrs. McGuire brought the vessel around head up to the wind and held her there for forty-eight hours. Before the fury of the gale had drifted out to sea for ninety-eight miles off Mount Desert Rock. In all this it was impossible to cook food or even heat any coffee.

Kept up only by excitement, and pluck, Mrs. McGuire clung to her post through the height of the gale, while Captain McGuire and his assistant attended to their little sail, which continued to break from its fastenings. It was a man's work at the wheel, with the leathern "kicking" strongly to the left ploughes of the ship, but the endurance of the rugged North woman was equal to the test.

On Nov. 13th the gale abated and the two men rigged temporary sails before Mrs. McGuire could be relieved from her post. All hands were exhausted and under their struggles and exposure, and under such scanty canvas as could be set it was hard and slow work bringing the Gold Hunter into port, where she had been given up for lost.

BILLIARD GAME

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—In tonight's game of the billiard tournament at 152 Park Avenue, Harry P. Cline of Philadelphia, defeated Charles Peterson by a score of 400 to 35. Cline started off with the white ball and made 38 on his first attempt. Peterson was weak on nursing an open table, play all through and his best run of the night was twenty-three in the eleventh inning.

JUDGMENT AGAINST  
LIBUTENANT BARRY  
FOR THE GOVERNMENT

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 26.—Default judgment was entered against the defendant today in the United States circuit court, in the case brought by the government against Thomas P. Barry to recover \$3608, with costs and interest at 6 per cent, from May 2, 1902, for a balance alleged to be due on Barry's accounts, while he was a first lieutenant of volunteers stationed at Lime Point, in San Francisco harbor, during the Spanish war.

## LORDS ARE IN DANGER

British Liberals Openly Favor  
Ending the Peers.

Amendments to Education Bill  
Cause Indignation and  
Arouse Protest.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The intensity of the political feeling aroused by the house of lords' treatment of the education bill found expression today in an emergency meeting of the general committee of the National Liberal federation, at which a resolution was unanimously adopted urging the government to take the drastic step of totally rejecting the lords' amendments to the bill and "readily to determine that the present parliament shall not come to an end until steps are taken to bring a final arbitration of the question whether the house of peers any longer possesses the right of vote on the will of the people as declared by the house of commons."

The meeting was the largest and most representative of its kind during the past twenty years. The speakers warmly denounced the action of the peers, declaring that the house of commons should not waste another day in considering the amendments to the bill, which should be returned to the house of lords without debate and that the Liberal government ought to apply the only remedy which must be drastic, and final.

An important letter from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman was read, in which the premier said it was realized by all Liberals "that the house of lords would hasten to assert itself as the instrument of unionism as soon as the country rendered a verdict against the Unionist government and the Unionist policy."

Continuing, the premier's letter reads:

"Still we may plead guilty to a certain sense of surprise at the violence of the manifestation, now that it has come. The education bill, as passed by the house of commons, was a bill which the country demanded in unmistakable terms at the general election. It now seems to have been turned into a travesty of its original form. As amended, it perpetuates, if it does not extend, the very grievances and wrongs fixed upon the country by the act of 1902."

"One thing you may rest assured: We will have no tampering with the main principles upon which our bill is founded. If within those limits an arrangement can be reached, all well and good; if not, it will be for us to see that on this question of education and others a way is found by which the wishes of the country may be made to prevail."

COLTON WILL CASE  
COMES TO TRIAL

Santa Cruz Superior Court Has a  
Million Dollar Contest to  
Adjudicate Upon.

SANTA CRUZ, Nov. 26.—The Colton will case began today before Superior Judge Smith.

S. Sacher, guardian of his 6-year-old daughter, is trying to break the will of Mrs. Ella Cotton, great grandmother of the girl, which entitles her off with \$1000. The remainder of the \$1,000,000 estate went to her other daughter and her children. Sacher charges undue influence on the part of Mrs. J. B. Dahlgren, the only surviving daughter, who lives here.

NEW MEXICO'S VOTE  
IN LAST ELECTION

Majority for Statehood Was 1130.  
Contest Assured in Case of  
Delegate Andrews.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 26.—A special to the Times from Santa Fe, N. M., says that the vote of New Mexico in the recent election was canvassed officially today. The majority for statehood was 1130. Andrews, Republican, was declared elected delegate to congress by a plurality of 274. Larrabee, Democrat, filed notice of contest, alleging gross fraud in several counties. The total vote cast was 45,767.

HUNGARIANS WANT  
CHINESE COOLIES

Farm Laborers Threaten to Strike  
and Farmers Plan a Retail-  
atory Move.

VIENNA, Nov. 26.—Owing to a threatened strike of farm laborers in the county of Bokos, Hungary, the agricultural society of the district held meeting today, and decided unanimously, in the event of the laborers proving obdurate, to hire 20,000 Chinese coolies to replace them. It is extremely doubtful, however, that the government will permit such a step.

THE LARGEST TREES IN THE WORLD

Are in Fresno Co., reached by the King River S. and T. Co.'s lines from Sanger. Take 6 p. m. train from Fresno, stages leave Sanger daily. Fare \$1, round trip, including trip to the Converse Basin saw mills, the most

scenic trip in California; the gateway to the wonderful Kings River Canyon.

R. M. GALLAGHER, MGR.  
F. R. S. and T. CO. SANGER

## THERE ARE TWO GOOD REASONS WHY

Hills Bros. Highest Grade

VACUUM PACKED COFFEE

IS THE BEST ON THE MARKET

1st. Because it is a blend of the finest coffees the world produces.

2nd. Because being packed by our Patented Vacuum Process it will keep perfectly fresh.

## Suggestions For Thanksgiving

We're ready to help you!

Here's the groceries, the vegetables, the delicacies, the crockery, the glassware, the roasting pans, the silverware and even the carving sets—really, now's a mighty good time to try Graft's for everything for the Thanksgiving table—see how complete and satisfactory this store is.

Read this list over carefully—it will aid you in the preparation of your dinner.

Frozen Oysters Coast Apples Almonds  
Navel Oranges Layer Raisins Cranberries  
Ripe Bananas Cauliflower Walnuts Fancy Grapes

## Fresh Vegetables

We've a large variety here that will please the most exacting tastes and make your dinner more enjoyable.

Celery Spinach Carrots Green Peas  
Lettuce Cauliflower Hubbard Squash Parsley

## Canned Goods

Our canned goods represent the best in the markets and are bound to give satisfaction.

Shrimps Asparagus Tips H. B. Peas  
Lobsters Old Glory Corn Plum Pudding  
Sliced Pineapple

## Home Made Cakes

Place your orders early, please. We have an usual variety for you to choose from and know you can find a cake here that will please you. Our cakes are delicious and are known everywhere for their thorough goodness.

## Our Delicatessen Department

will save you lots of trouble and can add its usual line of wholesome and appetizing edibles. A few hints.

Shrimp Salad Ripe Olives  
Potato Salad Green Olives  
McLaren's Cheese Sweet Pickles  
Saratoga Chips Swiss Cheese

Corner J and Tulare Streets.  
PHONE PRIVATE EXCHANGE 1.

Closed all day Tomorrow—THANKSGIVING DAY.

## ABOUT THANKSGIVING TIME

a nice carriage will come in use. Winter is still far enough off to keep the weather pleasant, with just enough frost in the air to make it bracing. Owing to the lateness of the season we can offer you special inducements in pleasure vehicles. The reputation for a high standard of excellence of our carriages makes it unnecessary to state that they are regarded as the most stylish and best built.

Fresno Agricultural Works

Are in Fresno Co., reached by the King River S. and T. Co.'s lines from Sanger. Take 6 p. m. train from Fresno, stages leave Sanger daily. Fare \$1, round trip, including trip to the Converse Basin saw mills, the most

scenic trip in California; the gateway to the wonderful Kings River Canyon.

R. M. GALLAGHER, MGR.  
F. R. S. and T. CO. SANGER

## WE ARE ADDING

New and improved machinery to our Job Printing Plant, which will keep it in the lead in modern equipment.

We also have a large and varied stock of paper to choose from.

Let us quote you prices on that job of printing.

## REPUBLICAN Job Office

Phone M. 220.

**RUMFORD**  
The Wholesome  
Baking Powder  
—PURE AND HEALTHFUL.—

## GRAPE STAKES

Buy them of the

C. S. Pierce Lumber Co.

They handle the best coast redwood stakes and quote the lowest possible prices.



## THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN

PUBLISHED BY

Fresno Republican Publishing Co.

CHESTER H. KOWELL, Editor and Manager

## ARBITRATION OR OPEN SHOP

We, of course, know nothing of the circumstances under which the union printers walked out of the office of the Spokane Spokesman-Review last night, in spite of the existence of an arbitration contract between the union and the paper. Presumably there was some excuse which the men regarded as excepting this issue from the terms of the contract. But that is not the point. Unless this arbitration contract between the International Typographical union and the American Newspaper Publishers' association means that strikes and walk-outs are going to be effectively prevented, it means an end of arbitration, as between the best organized union and the most intelligently organized employers' association in existence. And the end of arbitration, in the newspaper publishing business, means the end of the closed shop in that business. So long as the arbitration contract is in existence, newspaper proprietors of the larger papers, such as make up the American Newspaper Publishers' association, prefer to run them on the closed shop basis. They would expect most of their employees to be union men, anyway, even on an open shop basis, and if the closed shop gives them immunity from strikes, they prefer the closed shop. The newspaper business is peculiar in this respect. A newspaper can not stop, even for a single day, and it can not be run on business principles. It must do certain things, whether they pay or not, and it must get out its paper each day, even if getting out a paper on some certain day costs ten or a hundred times what it is worth. Even a street car or a railroad system can be tied up for a day or two without fatal harm, but a newspaper must get out at least its legal advertising every day or run the risk of invalidating the most important legal and public proceedings. So the newspapers are willing to pay a higher price than anybody else for guaranteed industrial peace. They do pay that price. They not only concede the closed shop, but they concede to that closed-shop union a control of affairs exercised by no other union in existence. No newspaper proprietor has the right to hire or discharge any of his workmen. They are hired by the foreman, under rules made by the union, and when they are hired their job becomes their personal property, beyond the control of even the foreman. The owner of a seven-day job, for instance, is not permitted to work seven days in it, but he determines, without even notice to the foreman, much less to the proprietor, what days he shall "take off," and who shall take his place. All these conditions are conceded at the price of industrial peace. It is a high price, but it will be paid, so long as the industrial peace in return is made effective. But the contract must be carried out. Not only must the issues covered by the arbitration agreement be settled by arbitration, but as the contract expressly provides, any dispute as to whether any issue comes within the contract must also be submitted to the arbitrators. If the arbitrators decide that the issue is arbitrable, they settle it. If they decide it is outside the scope of the contract, the publisher surrenders or stands a strike. The advantage is all with the union, either way. And the contract must work this way, or there is an end of the closed shop in the newspaper business. Publishers are willing to let the union run their business, provided it will run, and they are willing to have arbitrators decide how it shall be run. But it must be run. If the union is unable or unwilling to compel local unions to continue to exercise their privilege of running the business, the publishers will undertake the job themselves. It is arbitration that arbitrates, in the newspaper business, or it is the open shop. The publishers prefer the arbitration alternative. Only the union can force the other.

## A RUSSIAN REFORM.

The proclamation of the Russian czar, doing away with certain disabilities of the peasants, and removing the restrictions of the "mir" system, provided it is really carried out, means more to the reform of Russia than any other possible change. For the evils of Russia are even greater in the economic than in the political field. People can stand some depopulation, if they have enough to eat, and wear, and a chance to get ahead in the world; while even liberty is a doubtful boon to a starving and freezing people. Now, prosperity in Russia means agricultural prosperity. Practically the whole population is engaged in agriculture, which is almost the only industry. And the land is owned, predominantly, by the two worst systems in the world—absentee landlordism and communal tenure. Vast tracts of land are held by the crown and feudal nobles, on which hired peasants make starvation wages. The rest is held, for the most part, by the village communities or "mirs." The individual peasant owns no land. He is merely allotted by his community, the privilege of working such share of the land as he and his sons can till. Since membership in a village is thus a property right, no one can acquire it without the consent of the village. No peasant, therefore, can emigrate from his native village until he has first secured membership in another "mir," which is, of course, ordinarily impracticable. The villages which have the most land and the fewest people are the best off, and they are naturally not desir-

ous of increasing their population. So the peasant is practically a serf bound to the soil. His only emancipation has been the transfer of ownership from the individual overlord to the commune. And as this has been accompanied by a decrease in the land, and a burdensome tax for two generations to reimburse the former owners, the peasant has been little if any freer or richer than under serfdom. He has suffered and struggled in the hope that real emancipation would come to his grandchildren.

In form, at least, this proclamation begins that emancipation. The restrictions on the peasants moving from place to place are removed. That makes them free men. Provision is made for confirming them in the ownership of their individual allotments. This makes them proprietors. And they are to pay more of the debt imposed on them for compensation for their emancipation. Henceforward their only taxes will be political, for the support of the government. That makes them citizens. And finally, it is the definite policy of the government to give them opportunity to buy a large part of the crown lands and the superfluous feudal holdings. That opens the door of opportunity. If the Czar's government were able to carry this economic reform to the end, it could perhaps postpone the day of political reform. The peasants are personally loyal to the czar, and they would be loyal to his government. If that government secured to them human conditions of living, but probably it is too late. Political disorganization has gone too far to be cured by constructive economic policy, or even to carry out such a policy. It is already conceded that the next Duma, if elected by all the people, will be at least as radical as the last, and more prudent. The people's voice will be for radicalism, if it is permitted to be radical at all. And if it is stifled, by cutting down the franchise, it will be merely to change from radical votes to radical bombs, torches and guns. By vote or by force, the people are going to be heard. And long before the czar's despotism can carry these economic reforms to a conclusion, there will be a free government prepared to carry them out.

## WOOD-GIVINS.

Popular Young Couple Married at Cumberland Church.

At the Cumberland Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon, William Warner Wood of Del Rey and Hazel Frances Givins of the Academy were united in marriage. The wedding was a simple one, only the close relatives of the contracting parties being invited.

The bride was given away at the altar by her father, and was attended by Misses Mandie Burnett and Jessie Ward. Walter Patterson acted as best man. Those present at the ceremony were: Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Prince, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Barnett, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Drew, Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Baird, Fred Bennett, J. E. Davis, F. W. Beck, and Addison Morgan, Carroll and Gordon Baird.

BORN.

WEATHERBEE—In Fresno, November 27th to the wife of Alfred P. Weatherbee, a daughter.

SPOKANE PAPER TIED UP BY STRIKE

SPOKANE, Nov. 27.—Twenty-three union printers, all of the night now in the Spokesman-Review, composing room, excepting two, walked out to night and at 10 o'clock are still out. The Typographical union and the Spokesman-Review are under signed arbitration agreement which binds the union and its members not to strike, walk out, boycott or in any way interfere with the peaceful operation of the composing room.

The union and the Spokesman-Review have been discussing for several days, without result, the making of a new wage scale.

President James M. Lynch of the International Typographical Union, telegraphed tonight from Indianapolis, instructing the executive committee of the local union to order the men to return to work, pending settlement, under the arbitration contract.

BAKERSFIELD OIL MEN FAVOR TEXAS LAW

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Nov. 27.—A meeting of oil shippers and the Board of Trade to stimulate an interest in the Texas oil law, the substance of which will be embodied in a bill and introduced in the legislature of the state at the coming session in the interests of the industries of the state, which are unable to secure cars from the railroad companies for the transportation of products, resulted in a severe denunciation of the methods of the railroads. The meeting was called at the instance of E. D. Miller, senator-elect from this district, who contemplates introducing the above bill.

Oil shippers who alleged that they have been handicapped and caused to suffer much financial loss because of the failure of both the Santa Fe and the Southern to supply oil cars, addressed the meeting.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 27.—Glenwood, a community in the foothills, after a brief experience as a city of the sixth class, will hold an election to disincorporate on December 12th. A petition is being circulated among the voters and has received the required number of signatures. Objection is made, it is said, to alleged unequal distribution of improvements and to the increase in the tax rate.

After the Oil Trust.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 27.—John Porter Hollis, special representative of the Bureau of Corporations under James A. Garfield, is in St. Louis for the purpose of securing information for a series and report on the methods pursued by the Standard and other oil companies in Missouri.

Prince Elitel and Caruso.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—The report published in the United States that Prince Elitel Frederik, second son of Emperor William, had enlisted a message of sympathy to Caruso, the tenor, in New York, is officially stated to be a pure invention.

KENSINGTON, Pa., Nov. 27.—About 500 unorganized employees of the American Window Glass company, one of the largest in the world, struck tonight, causing a suspension of the works. The men are unorganized and are dissatisfied with the wages paid. An effort is being made to replace the strikers with new men.

## WILL REMAIN IN THE RACE

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 27.—At a meeting of the committees of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association, held this afternoon, Dr. Walter Lindley and Lee C. Gates, the Republican and Non-Partisan nominees for mayor, declared that they would not withdraw from the contest for the mayoralty.

The declaration was made in reply to a question from the chairman and a committee reported that neither of the candidates believed that the presence of both in the race insured the election of the Municipal Ownership candidates.

## WELLMAN IS ENCOURAGED

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Belief in the practicability of reaching the North Pole by airship has been greatly strengthened in the mind of Walter Wellman, leader of the Wellman polar expedition, as a result of his observations last summer at the expedition's base of supplies in Spitzbergen.

Wellman, who has recently arrived from Paris, whether he will return in two weeks to superintend the reconstruction of his dirigible balloon, arrived in Chicago yesterday for a brief stay. Wellman declared last night that his experiences in Spitzbergen last summer proved that his scheme for getting to the pole by the arctic route is even more feasible than he had at first supposed. Both he and Maj. H. B. Frasey, head of the United States weather bureau at Milwaukee, who also spent the summer in Spitzbergen, are strengthened in their opinions that the airship plan offers a very strong chance of success. Their observations showed that there were days upon days during last July and August when the pole could have been reached in about thirty hours from their supply base in their airship, while the general weather conditions during almost their entire northern stay were favorable in the extreme for the flight.

The airship is being enlarged and much improved in Paris and will afford even a better chance of getting to the pole than it did in its original form.

## MILL STRIKE AT ANTIOCH

ANTIOCH, Cal., Nov. 27.—The big plant of the California Paper and Board mills, located at this place, is idle owing to a strike of the employees for an eight-hour day. This action was taken after two interviews between a committee of the union employees and Manager Brown of the company.

In requesting an eight-hour day, the committee offered to submit the matter to arbitration. The manager refused their request and is reported to have said he never would recognize the union.

At a meeting held Sunday of the Golden West Local, No. 144, which is affiliated with the International Brotherhood of Paper Makers, it was unanimously decided not to return to work on Monday morning unless the management would make some concessions and as a result, all of the employees, numbering about 130, are out.

The mill has always been run with two shifts, the day force working eleven hours and the night force thirteen, the shifts alternating every two weeks.

The plant, which manufactures all grades of straw and tar board, candy and shoe boxes, wrapping paper and lining for buildings, is the largest concern of its kind in the state and the owners will in the next few months double its capacity by the addition of a new mill.

There is no disorder among the strikers and the men appear confident that some agreement will be reached in a few days, as they are willing to arbitrate all differences.

## RUSS NOBLES TAKE ALARM

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 27.—A campaign for the purpose of encouraging the government to introduce immediate changes in the election laws, was begun here today by the corps of nobility. The corps called a special convention to meet here and the session was attended by 111 delegates from thirty-five provinces. Bobzynski presided.

The prospects of the approaching elections were frankly spread before the eyes of the convention by the executive council in a printed document. The document set forth that no change had yet been made in the final election laws, that the Conservatives were doomed, and that the second lower house of parliament would be more radical than the first. The council discounted the deductions drawn abroad from the recent uniform defeat of Constitutional Democrats in the zemstva elections, saying an easy victory for the Conservatives, but that it was a fool's paradise to base on this expectation of a victory in the lower house.

The council directed its attack especially against certain clauses of the laws equalizing non-Russians and guaranteeing the peasant body one seat in the house from each province, and says the hopes that the peasant deputies would be "obedient lambs" have been cruelly falsified.

The council calls for a thorough overhauling of the election laws on the basis of other distinctions, differentiating sharply between peasants, small landowners, large landowners and townsmen, and advises the government to be guided by the common sense of the council of the corps of nobles. It says also that the next lower house will be circumspect and avoid pitfalls, that a second dissolution of the house will shake the foundations of the throne and that the time to fight the new house is now, before the new delegates are chosen.

BAKERSFIELD, Nov. 27.—Lonis Pope, a Kernville Indian who broke jail a week ago and escaped to the mountains, was arrested in a spectacular manner. The cold driving him from the mountains, Pope secretly took refuge in a vacant house and when his presence became known, a cordon of vaqueros surrounded the house and when Pope made a dash for liberty he was brought to the ground by the true aim of the lariat thrower.

## Spanish Brigade for Morocco.

MADRID, Nov. 27.—According to dispatches received here from Madrid, a brigade of 4,000 men is being organized there to be ready for any development in the African situation.

## WAGE RAISES ARE GENERAL

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 27.—As a result of the conference which has been on between the grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the operating officials of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad company, an increase of pay of 4 cents an hour, was today granted the trainmen by the railroad company.

The committee also secured the reclassification of a number of yards on the system, which means to the employees in these yards an increase over present wages of 5 cents an hour. This wage increase will affect all the employees in the yards classified on the Monon line from Chicago to El Paso, Texas, numbering about 2000 men.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—At a conference today of representatives of the railroads entering Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, and also of the Texas roads, it was decided that the demands which had recently been received from the engineers could not be granted.

The engineers asked for additional pay, an eight-hour day and modified pay.

Those present at the meeting declared their willingness to meet and confer with the committees of engineers, providing committees which had power to decide upon questions were sent to them.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 7.—The Wabash railroad has granted an increase of \$112 to \$125 per month to conductors and 4 cents per hour to yardmen. The increase goes into effect December 1st.

AMSBURY, Mass., Nov. 27.—Notices of a restoration of a wage scale to that paid prior to November, 1900, were posted at the Hamilton Cotton mills here today. This means an increase of about 10 per cent in the wages of all operatives. Eight hundred hands are employed in the mills.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 27.—The Baltimore and Ohio Southern railway today granted its switchmen an increase of 4 cents an hour.

## PEARY WAS AT THE HUB

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—Commander Robert E. Peary passed about two hours in this city tonight on his long journey to the Farthest North to Washington, where he hopes to spend Thanksgiving. Commander Peary said he should stop a few hours in New York tomorrow in order to see members of the Arctic club, and should leave for Washington in the afternoon. He will report at the navy department later in the week, and may see the president.

He said he could not say whether he would make another attempt to find the pole. He repeated his statement that his failure this time was principally due to the six days storm and the unusually open weather last spring.

He said he could not say whether he made better progress by using canoes, as did Nansen. In reply, Commander Peary said it was not feasible to use canvas canoes with so large a party, and that he was satisfied that his method of establishing a series of relay stations was the best. He pointed out that Nansen in his dash had only a single companion, and the two were able to cross the open foci in their canvas canoes.

At a meeting held Sunday of the Golden West Local, No. 144, which is affiliated with the International Brotherhood of Paper Makers, it was unanimously decided not to return to work on Monday morning unless the management would make some concessions and as a result, all of the employees, numbering about 130, are out.

The mill has always been run with two shifts, the day force working eleven hours and the night force thirteen, the shifts alternating every two weeks.

The plant, which manufactures all grades of straw and tar board, candy and shoe boxes, wrapping paper and lining for buildings, is the largest concern of its kind in the state and the owners will in the next few months double its capacity by the addition of a new mill.

There is no disorder among the strikers and the men appear confident that some agreement will be reached in a few days, as they are willing to arbitrate all differences.

## DR. CRAPSEY IS PENNILESS

His Charities Have Been Big and Numerous.

Plans to Go on Lecture Platform and Earn Money By Writing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Tribune today says that indications are that the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey of Rochester, after his conviction of heresy by an ecclesiastical court, will set in motion an effort within the Episcopal church to broaden and liberalize its tenets. George Fossey Peabody is quoted as saying that while no steps had been taken in this direction yet, a meeting of men who desired a more liberal church faith was likely, to discuss the sentence pronounced on Dr. Crapsey and its bearing on themselves and the general situation within the church.

A Rochester, N. Y., special to the Tribune says that in a talk with the Rev. Algernon S. Crapsey, yesterday, it developed that after three years' service in the Episcopal church, and after having built up a church property valued at \$150,000, he withdrew from the price-hunt practically penniless and with not even a home to go to. His personal charities added to what he has given to the church, have been many and large and have depleted his resources.

Dr. Crapsey, it is stated, will devote himself to disseminating his views on the platform and through the medium of the press and reviews.

## LIBERAL DONATION BY NEW YORKER FOR SCHOOL OF FINE ARTS

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The sum of \$100,000, it was learned yesterday, had been promised to the National Academy of Design by a New Yorker on condition that another \$100,000 shall be raised toward the \$500,000 required for the building of the proposed School of Fine Arts, which involves the cooperation of Columbia university, the National Academy of Design and the Metropolitan Museum of Art. By the terms of the agreement Columbia is to provide a site on the university grounds.

BAKERSFIELD, Nov. 27.—Lonis Pope, a Kernville Indian who broke jail a week ago and escaped to the mountains, was arrested in a spectacular manner. The cold driving him from the mountains, Pope secretly took refuge in a vacant house and when his presence became known, a cordon of vaqueros surrounded the house and when Pope made a dash for liberty he was brought to the ground by the true aim of the lariat thrower.

## WARNER'S

1929-31 Mariposa St.

Rourke

The

Hatter

Renovating

Kodaks and Photo Supplies

Full line at Baker & Colson's



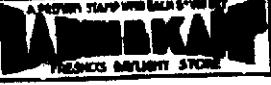
## Helps For Thanksgiving!

Big store helps—substantial helps both in the timeliness of the offerings and lowness of prices. This list of Thanksgiving specials will prove crowd bringers that will keep us on the jump till closing time tonight. Shop early, please. Phone Exchange 3—quick service!

## Thanksgiving Groceries

<tr

Root for Fresno "Hi." Colors and Horns for tomorrow's football game.



## FINAL FIXINGS FOR Tomorrow's Dinner Table

Special Sale of Fine Cut Glass

We want you to come in and see what an innovation we are making in the prices of genuine cut glass dishes, of the finest American manufacture, all new designs, on the clearest of crystal blanks, at just about half what you pay elsewhere.

5-inch Nappy or Bon Bon Heart Shaped Nappies, Cut Glass	now	8-inch Bowls, worth \$5.00
Cut Glass	\$1.25	beautiful cut \$2.25
5-inch Handled Nappies, Spoon Trays, several new	new cut	\$2.75
beautiful cut	\$1.75	shapes \$2.49

## TWO SPECIAL DINNER SET VALUES TODAY

50 Piece Dinner Set, \$6.49—A Thanksgiving Special

100 Piece Dinner Set, \$9.49—An Elegant Value

A beautiful white and gold dinner set, consisting of 50 pieces of the latest designs and most useful pieces in best quality American Porcelain, guaranteed not to crack or crackle, a design and shape that can be matched up at any time; special Thanksgiving offer; entire set, \$6.49

A full set of finest English semi-porcelain, almost as thin and dainty as Haviland china, in a pretty green border decoration, now so much sought after; 100 pretty pieces; new design, a magnificent dainty dinner set; special Thanksgiving offer, \$8.49

### Heavy Plated Ware

An excellent quality of heavy plate on nickel silver; every piece warranted to wear, made in the Windsor pattern, plain, satin finish, easily kept clean and much lower than you'll find like quality elsewhere.

12-dwt, knives, set of 6, special	\$1.50
Teaspoons	75¢
Tablespoons	\$1.50
Table Forks	\$1.50
Dessert Spoons	\$1.25
Dessert Forks	\$1.25

### Turkey Platters

We are showing an exquisite assortment of plain and fancy decorated Turkey patterns, at especially reduced prices.	
19 inch decorated semi-porcelain dish	\$1.19
17 inch decorated semi-porcelain dish	75¢
19 inch plain white semi-porcelain dish	59¢
Plain white semi-porcelain cereal tray	39¢

### Roasting Pans

To get the proper brown on the Thanksgiving bird—be sure to look up our excellent assortment of Roasting Pans. Here are a few Thanksgiving prices:	
19x12, special	15¢
14x14, special	35¢
12x12, special	25¢
14x15, special	40¢
12x14, special	30¢
10x17, special	45¢

### Glassware Specials

Finest lead blown, saucer champagne glasses, the new optic design, dozen	\$2.00
8 inch Fire Polish Cranberry Bowls, like cut glass	50¢
Glass Celery Trays, new designs	10¢
Glass Celery Stands, new designs	10¢
Punch Bowls \$3.50 to \$6 each	

Ladies' \$2.50 and \$3.00 dress shoes, \$1.98.

## Special Holiday Values in Boy's Suits and Overcoats

### Boys' Norfolk Suits, \$6.50

A special holiday value, boys' a piece Norfolk suits in pretty designs of worsteds and cheviots neatly made with knickerbocker pants, ages 8 to 16 years, an extra special \$6.50

### Boys' Suits, Special at \$10.00

For today's selling we are offering an elegant line of boys' cheviot and fancy worsted suits, in ages 8 to 16 years, well made, nobly and stylish, special at \$10.00



### Men's Dress Suits

H. S. &amp; M. Make

For tomorrow's functions you'll surely want either a full dress or Tuxedo suit. We are showing a fine line of Hart, Schaffner & Marx make, which are acknowledged as the top notch in artistic tailoring, finished with the best of linings and findings and perfect fitting \$37.50 to \$40.00

Have you seen the H. S. & M. fall line of business suits? If not, you are the loser \$15.00 to \$30.00

### Dolls at Half Price

\$3.00 Street Hats, 68¢

### And the Price Will

Be Right

Park  
Meat Market  
Telephone Main 48.

## SPRAYING

Call in and see the Niagara Gas Spraying Machine.

No pumps to wear out, therefore no hard work. Saves one man, gives a steady pressure and costs less than any other power sprayer.

Fresno Agricultural Works

FRESNO CAL.

Surgical, Dental and Veterinary

Instruments and Supplies

F. E. TWINING, 1945 Tulare St., Fresno, Cal.

### DIED.

METZLER—In Fresno, November 26, 1906, Alex Metzler, a native of Russia, aged 29 years.

Funeral will be held today at 12 o'clock from the Russian church on G street. Interment at Mt. View cemetery.

FAUTI—In Fresno, November 27, 1906, Marguerite Daisy Fauti, a native of Iowa, aged 22 years, 5 months, 5 days.

Funeral notice later.

M'DERMOTT—In Fresno, November 27, 1906, John McDermott, a native of Ireland, aged 58 years.

Funeral notice later.

The churches of Stanford will unite in holding Thanksgiving services at 10:30 next Thursday morning. These services will be held in the Christian church.

Invitations have been issued to all the county officers for Dec. 7th, at which time Judge and Mrs. M. J. Short will entertain in honor of their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary.

A son was born Nov. 26th to the wife of A. Christian of Stanford, and Nov. 27th a daughter, now to be the wife of John Watts, near Stanford.

The following officers were elected at the last regular meeting of Wilcox Camp, No. 161, W. O. W., H. V. Branton, adjutant; B. M. B. Washburn; F. R. Right; banker; F. L. Lapert; watchman; E. G. Ayers; escort; F. A. Dodge; sentry; E. G. Washburn, manager, eighteen months' term.

Mr. and Mrs. Judd Smith of the city very pleasantly entertained a party of automobile tourists last evening. The tourists have been on the road for more than two weeks, having gone up the coast from Los Angeles to San Jose.

At the latter point they crossed the divide and entered the great interior valley and will make the Inland Empire trip from San Jose via the Tehachapi pass.

Those who composed the party were Mr. and Mrs. M. Welsh, Mr. and Mrs. C. Welsh and Mr. and Mrs. George Wilcox and children.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Baker & Co.

Baker's 974

# Properties of Light

It takes knowledge and it takes experience to prescribe the best glasses. Our opticians have both.

The St. Louis judges declared the Kryptok lenses the best in the world.

The Kryptok is composed of two different kinds of glass, possessing different properties.

These properties are combined so as to reinforce each other and give clear reading and distant vision in one.

But it takes knowledge to prescribe them.

CHINNO OPTICAL COMPANY  
2015 Mariposa St., Fresno  
San Francisco (2), Oakland,  
Sacramento and Stockton.

Get the Phone Habit—Main 442

A few Burns Laughlin Co. savings for Thanksgiving: Fancy Cape Code Cranberries, new lot just arrived, per qt. 15¢

Maple Syrup, Old Mans, qt. can 39¢

Sauer Kraut, lb. 5¢

C. and B. Pure Lucca Oil, qt. bottle 70¢

Van Camp's Plum Pudding, 1-lb tin 25¢

Boneless Codfish, 1-lb block 18¢

Barataria Shrimps, 15¢, kind 10¢

Fancy Ripe Olives, qt. 20¢

Bananas, fancy ripe fruit, doz. 21¢

Burns-Laughlin Co.  
3230 Tulare St.  
Phone Main 442.

High  
School  
Pennants and Canes  
For the Big

Foot Ball Game

THANKSGIVING DAY

Gregory & Co.  
2043 Mariposa Street.

Ladies'  
Watches  
Bracelets  
Rings and Brooches

for Christmas gifts. Make your selections now.

Fresno Jewelry House  
1158 1 St. Established 1889.

LOOK!

Cash or Credit

Just as You Say

Come and see our full line of

FURNITURE CARPETS

LINOLEUM MATTING

AND GO-CARTS

FINE UPHOLSTERING A

SPECIALTY

Bowling & Brooks

1909 Fresno St. 1210 1 St.

HENRY VIEZ

Fine tailoring for gentlemen and ladies garments. Formerly with Redfern, Paris. Over Dorsey Robinson.

## SHORT TO GO TO WASHINGTON

Will Seek Changes in Forest Reserve Rules.

Tax on Electric Power Companies a Discrimination Against River Users.

Frank H. Short has announced that he is about to take a trip of three or four weeks' duration to Washington, where he will attend upon the meetings of certain committees of congress and also interview the interior department in the interests of some of his clients. Mr. Short will leave Fresno about Dec. 10th. Mrs. Short will accompany him.

The principal purpose of Mr. Short's trip will be to secure for the San Joaquin Electric Power company, of which he is attorney, permission to use the water supply of streams within the forest reserves without the imposition of a tax which is about to be imposed by the interior department. This tax will be levied as part of the general system of making the reserves part for the expense of maintenance by making charges against oil who use them—hemp, stock and power men alike—but it is proposed to assess the tax against the power companies in proportion to the total electricity developed, rather than in proportion to the benefit received—an obviously unfair discrimination.

This tax will also be imposed by the power men on the ground that as far as they are concerned it is a discrimination against Western users of rivers as contrasted with Easterners. In speaking of the matter yesterday, Mr. Short said:

"The question raised is an important one, both to the electric companies and to the public. It will take a great deal of money to develop the electric power available in this State and the imposition of a tax, which may be increased from time to time, would retard investments of this character and in a degree interfere with the sale of bonds."

"The electric companies would not object to paying for any materials or timber obtained or property actually occupied. The proposed tax, however, goes farther than a charge for the increased water supply, which the conservation service of the government is supposed to furnish. It will amount to a direct tax upon the production of electric power wherever permits are held in the forest reservations, whether much or little of the water is obtained from these sources or not and whether any increased flow is obtained."

"From the point of view of the public, we think the charge is unequal and unjust. The rivers of the East and Middle West states are useful to the public almost exclusively for navigation purposes. They are improved and maintained for navigation at the expense of the general government, of which we pay our part. The public use of irrigation and the development of electrical power will be the principal public benefits from Western rivers."

"The reserving and diverting of the water for irrigation will render them unfit for navigation except only as to the principal rivers and as to the lower portions of these only, so that the government will not be justified in developing them beyond these lower portions for navigation."

"If the irrigators are required to reimburse the government for its expenditure in their behalf and the electric companies are taxed for the government service in the forest reservations, we of the West will be paying and returning to the government all or greater part of the expense in connection with Western rivers and at the same time paying our part of maintaining the navigability of Eastern rivers. And, of course, ultimately this tax would become a part of the cost of producing electrical power and the public would pay most of it. This would be the same as if bonds were taxed for the expenses of improving navigable rivers. The tax would necessarily be added to the freightage."

"This is the basis of the policy of improving the rivers at national expense. Apparently the department has been trying to work out the idea of making the forest reservations self-sustaining, which is all well enough so long as it relates to the sale of timber and valuable lands permitted to be acquired or used. But when it comes to paying the expenses of maintaining and improving the flow of rivers, we are confronted with the policy of this being done at an unusual expense where the rivers are navigable and at local expense where they are devoted to the public use of irrigation and the development of electric power. The discrimination would be clearly unjust as to Western interests and I feel confident that when it is thus understood, it will not be carried out."

"The electric companies build fire roads into the reservation, maintain fire breaks and assist in extinguishing fires and where reservoirs are constructed, regulate the flow of rivers, diminishing the floods and increasing the flow during dry seasons, thus aiding in all of the purposes of the government and increasing the supply of water for irrigation. The power is also used for pumping for irrigation and will be very extensively used for this purpose in the future."

Mr. Short also goes to Washington in the interest of certain oil men, whose claims to land patents have not been cleared up.

OAKLAND FOOTBALL TEAM ARRIVES TODAY

The Oakland High school football team will arrive this afternoon on the 3 o'clock Santa Fe train. The boys will be taken to their hotel and will probably do a little light signal practice to limber up their muscles after their day's journey. They will have time for a good night's rest before the game comes off. During their stay here the Y. M. C. A. shower, bath and swimming pool will be open to their use.

Tamale Social. About sixty young people of the Cumberland Presbyterian church enjoyed a tamale social at the residence of J. H. Boyd last night. A program of music and recitation was rendered and games were played, after a "male female bucking bee" was held.

Tokio Defeats Municipal Ownership.

TOKIO, Nov. 27.—In the municipal assembly held today the proposition that the city purchase the street railways and manage them as a municipal undertaking was defeated.

## DRAGS FREEZING CHILD AROUND BY ITS FEET

F. Blanco Cruelly Mistreats Motherless Infant in Early Morning.

Beastly drunk and dragging his baby less than a year of age along the sidewalk by its feet, Frank Blanco was arrested early yesterday morning near the Santa Fe depot by Officer Fair. The man was placed in jail to recover from his intoxication and the baby was put in a lark and hurried to the county orphanage to be thawed out by the county's firemen.

The mother of the unfortunate babe died at the Burnett sanitarium a month ago of typhoid fever. Immediately afterward the infant was placed in the county orphanage for care. On Monday morning the inhuman father appeared at the institution and asked for his child on the plea that he would take the little one to his parents who live in Modesto and in that way he would not be separated from it.

The next day was seen of Blanco was after midnight Monday night, when Officer Fair saw him dragging the infant head downward over the paved sidewalk near the Santa Fe. When arrested, Blanco said he was going to meet a train and go to Modesto. The babe had lost most of its wraps and was nearly frozen to death and too weak from exhaustion to utter a sound.

Last night the youngster seemed to have entirely recovered from the spell that his father treated it to, and Blanco will find grave charges opposite his name when he becomes sober enough to comprehend. The Fresno Humane society has taken up the case and will apply in court for the custody of the child.

## WOODMEN ELECT NEW OFFICERS

Arrange for Joint Installation With Women of Woodcraft.

An unusually large attendance filled the lodge room of Manzanita Camp, W. O. W., last night, the occasion being the semi-annual election of officers. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Past consul commanding, A. D. Ewing; consul commanding, H. M. Johnston; advisor lieutenant, Ed Jones; banker, H. D. Carter (re-elected fourth year); clerk, George R. Andrews (re-elected tenth year); escort, B. A. Martin; watchman, J. W. Brown; sentry, R. L. York; manager, J. L. Hutchison.

An invitation was accepted from Acacia Circle, Women of Woodcraft, to join with them in an old time social on Thursday evening, November 29th. The camp also accepted the invitation from the circle to hold a joint installation in the W. O. W. lodge room, Tuesday, January 3rd. One application was balloted upon and accepted. Shirley Faulkner was initiated. J. L. Lorbeck, a long absent member, was present and made an interesting speech. After the meeting adjourned all prepared to the banquet room to partake of popcorn, nuts and candy served up in good style by Ed Jones.

## VALLEJO IS REFORMING

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Secretary Bonaparte has received a telegram from the mayor of Vallejo, Cal., stating that by unanimous vote of the trustees of that city, which is adjacent to the Mare Island navy yard, the liquor license fee will be raised on Jan. 1st from \$80 to \$100 per year, and beginning at the same time saloons will be required to close at 1 p.m. and no night saloon will be licensed. After April 1st, next year, the number of saloons will be reduced to sixty.

Bonaparte has informed Mayor Madigan that if the regulations of the trustees are made effective by adequate enforcement he has no doubt that improved conditions satisfactory to the department would result. The undesirable conditions at Vallejo made it necessary for the navy department to warn the town several weeks ago that ships could not be sent to the Mare Island navy yard if the crews were to be thrown into the unwholesome atmosphere then prevailing at Vallejo.

VALLEJO, Cal., Nov. 27.—The text of the telegram received from Secretary Bonaparte by Mayor Madigan is as follows:

"Washington, Nov. 26, 1906.

"Hon. J. J. Madigan, Mayor, Vallejo

"Your telegram was called to my attention on my return to Washington. I am gratified to know of the action of the trustees. If it is made effective by adequate enforcement, I have no doubt that improved conditions satisfactory to the department will result."

"HAS. J. BONAPARTE,"

"Secretary of the Navy."

CARUSO WILL SING "RUDOLFO" TONIGHT

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Enrico Caruso, the grand opera tenor, took part in a rehearsal yesterday for the first time since his hearing in a police court began.

His throat was improved and Director Coindel is certain that the singer will be able to appear in his opening engagement as Rudolfo in "La Boheme" tomorrow night. Caruso, it was said at the offices of the Metropolitan opera house, was not ready to announce yesterday what plans he had made to prevent any demonstration on Wednesday night.

## WILL LEAVE MONEY TO THEIR UNION

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—An unusual devotion to the labor union in which they have served as members for a long term of years caused three cigar-makers to draw up their wills yesterday with special bequests in favor of the organization. The value of the bequests amounts to \$1,500.

John McNamee took this method of celebrating the 70th anniversary of his birth. He deposited \$500 to the cigar-makers' union. William Foster bequeathed a similar sum to the organization. John Porter left the members of the union \$50, but stipulated that the sum should be used to "have a good time" at his funeral.

## MADE DEATH SURE

PITTSBURG, Nov. 27.—Mrs. Addison H. Gibson, 41 years old, wife of a wealthy oil operator of this city, committed suicide at her home today by taking a quantity of arsenic and then shooting herself twice. Mrs. Gibson had been ill for some months and of late had been dependent.

## IS MUDDY LAKE MAN'S GRAVE?

C. N. Crawford Missing from Fowler Home.

Boat in Which He Went Fishing Found in Bottom of Pond.

Columbus N. Crawford, a blacksmith of Fowler, is thought to have been drowned in Brander's lake near Fowler sometime since last Sunday afternoon, when he took a row boat and started on a hunting and fishing trip. Since that time nothing has been heard of the old man and the boat which he started out in has been discovered turned upside down in the bottom of the lake. Searching parties have been scouring the lake and shore for some trace of the missing man, but up till a late hour last night they had been unsuccessful in their efforts.

Crawford, who is in his 50s years of age, is accustomed to take a trip for hunting and fishing on Sunday afternoons and he secured the key to the boat, which is kept locked at the landing, from his son-in-law, Louis Rosser of Fowler, last Sunday. No great alarm was felt until Monday, when the old blacksmith failed to show up for work, and then a party of friends and relatives took up the search. It was not until yesterday that any sign of Crawford was found, when at about 10 o'clock in the forenoon the upturned boat of the old sportsman was discovered.

Having heard nothing of the missing man for over two days, and finding the sunken boat would indicate that the blacksmith's body lies in the soft mud at the bottom of this lake, the water in the pond, which is known as Brander's lake is muddy and the whole area of about twenty acres will have to be dragged to find if the body of the missing man is there. At the place where the boat was discovered the water is about four feet deep, while the other side of the lake is fifteen or twenty feet deep. Crawford may have landed the boat and gone ashore, the boat drifting away again, but it is more probable that in shooting from the craft, he overturned it and being quite a distance from land, was drowned.

Searching parties are still raking the lake bottom with grapping hooks. Crawford never left home before without notifying his relatives and this would indicate that he has met with a mishap. The missing man has three daughters in San Francisco and his wife has been visiting them for the last few weeks. Rosser's wife, who is Crawford's daughter, died a short while ago from injuries received in a fire.

## FOUNDER TEAMSTER STARVED HIS TEAM

Inhumanity Cost Him \$45 at Hands of Justice Court.

August Luy, a teamster of Fowler, was arrested last Sunday by Constable Mason on a charge of starving his horses. The ease of ill treatment had become notorious, and appeals were made to the Fresno Humane society against the man by his neighbors.

Loy, who is an elderly man, has six horses of his own, and another that he uses in his teaming. These he was keeping on the traditional straw all day until they could hardly stand up. He was kept in jail over night, and in the morning taken before Justice Shannon, where he pleaded guilty and was fined \$25. At first he thought he would serve out the time instead, but on the way to jail changed his mind, and paid over the money.

CHICAGO JEWS ROAST POLICE

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Debouncing the Chicago police as "bulies" and "tyrants" and Chicago justices as "ridiculous," the recently formed Hebrew Protective association announced last night its determination to abanion direct appeal to the police department in cases of "Jew baiting," and conduct its fight by vigilante committee methods.

Details of the association's plans were reported to the Jews of the ghetto at a mass meeting held at the West Side Auditorium. A sturdy quarter of the audience was made up of alleged victims of the rowdyism.

Some had their heads swathed in bandages. Others limped or carried crutches. All were eager to lay their cases before the organization and obtain their aid. And to this any one talked at once, until the meeting broke up in disorder from sheer excess of enthusiasm.

The association is preparing to conduct a campaign almost wholly independent of the city authorities. A private detective force is to be organized, made up of men from detective agencies. A medical staff will be formed to care for victims of rats without charge and a legal department will collect evidence and conduct prosecutions.

To aid Jews who are unable to give the police satisfactory accounts of themselves, and are detained for this reason, each member of the association is to be known by a number, and badges bearing this number and the telephone number of the association will be worn.

More than twenty cases of Jews injured or robbed were laid before the executive committee of the association at a session held at the close of the mass meeting.

## CHANCELLOR ANDREWS' WAR UPON TOBACCO

Nebraska University Students Must Not Chew Nor Spit Around the Place.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Lincoln, Neb., says: Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews has taken another step toward driving tobacco from the campus was prohibited a year ago. Yesterday a new order was issued against chewing and spitting. Members of the law classes are threatened with expulsion if they persist in chewing and spitting tobacco around the corridors and in the corners of the classrooms.

## FROM THE DIX

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 27.—A life belt bearing the word "Dix" with a woman's glove attached to it, was picked up on the beach at Fort Flager today. The life preserver was found more than twenty miles from the scene of the wreck.

# Thanksgiving Specials

On Sale Today at

# HOLLANDS'

Table Mats, 6 in a set, assorted sizes	25¢
Saves your cloth and table. Nothing adds more to an attractive table than clean mats.	
Celery, Coast, per bunch	5¢
400 size Navel Oranges, per dozen	25¢
Foothill fruit.	
Red Ribbon Lobster, per can.	20¢
Regular 25¢. No limit.	
New Olives, per qt.	20¢
Cured Lemons, per dozen	12 1/2¢
Genuine Cape Cod Cranberries, qt.	15¢
Ten Barrels to sell.	

## Everything for a Thanksgiving Dinner

We have virtually every article you need for your dinner and we defly compare of prices and quality.

**NUTS AND PASTRY.** Look over this list and see if there is not something that would add materially to the success of your dinner:

Walnuts, Filberts, Almonds, Brazil, Pecans, Salted Almonds.

### HOME-MADE CAKES.

Layer. Chocolate, Lemon, Cocoa-nut, Pineapple, Nut, Caramel.

Loaf.

World's Fair, White, Sponge.

### Fruit Cake.

All kinds of home-made Pies, also Doughnuts and Cup Cakes.

We will have today Mayonnaise Dressing and Tartar Sauce to sell in bulk.

Don't forget that Hollands' are headquarters for Cranberries, Cider and Home-made Mince Meat.

Turkey Platters of all sizes—plain white and decorated.

We have almost every little extra necessary to make that table look swell on the 29th—Decorated Napkins, Doilies, Colored Candles, Candle Shades, Candle Sticks, Fancy Lamps, Pretty Dishes, Water and Wine Glasses, Vases, Etc.

## CUT GLASS

10 per cent off for one week. Now is the time to get your Thanksgiving or Christmas glass.

\$150 stock exquisite cut glass to select from. This includes Gold Bohemian glass also.

See our windows for prices, etc.

## Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

Thanksgiving comes but once a year. In giving thanks, remember to be thankful for a place where you can get bargains, not once a year, but every day. Hollands' is that place and when it comes to fruit and vegetables, it's at this place only that you will find bargains like these.

## SPECIALS

White Coast Cauliflowers, each ..... 10¢  
Large Coast Head Lettuce, 2 for ..... 5¢  
Green Lima Beans, per lb. ..... 8 1/2¢  
Green Coast Peas, per lb. ..... 10¢

Tender Green Beans Fresh Tomatoes Turnips  
Red Cabbage Hot Peppers Carrots  
White Cabbage Brussels Sprouts Parsnips  
Celery Root Bell Peppers Parsley  
Cashews Horse Radish Root Spinach  
Pie Pumpkins Hubbard Squash Beets

Beets, Cucumbers, Green Onions, Summer Squash, Artichokes, Oyster Plant.

A nice selection of apples today—the large red kind that polish so prettily for your table. Fancy ripe bananas and table grapes. Oranges, Grape Fruit, Cranberries, Gotoas.

If you are not already a customer, it's a good time to start now.

Closed all Day Tomorrow—THANKSGIVING DAY.

## SPECIAL

# Rambler

## Automobiles

Two-cylinder 20 H. P. Touring Car, seat five people, reduced from \$1500 to \$1350.

**F. Van Sickle, Agt.**

940 1 Street. Opposite Hughes Hotel.

## SOCIAL AND CLUB NEWS

The beauty and fashion of the socially elect were represented last night at the gorgeous ball masque given by the Eschscholtzians at the Hughes hotel, the second of a series of delightful dances with which the club is entertaining this season. It was a brilliant pageant that swept down the broad stairs leading from the mezzanine parlor to the ball room, dainty shepherdesses with crooks, fetching peasant maidens, bewitching folies, stately court ladies and colonial dames with gallants in attendance, besides innumerable costumers in comic fashion to add zest to the fun and abundance of high spirits which held carnival during the masking hours.

There is nothing like a masquerade for genuine enjoyment, particularly when the essential quality—good humor—prevails and each man, maid and matron is on pleasure bent. It seemed like the good old days of several years back when Fresno was not quite grown up and social affairs had not assumed such formal numbers as of late. Everyone was in high glee and felt a deep sense of gratitude to the club for its successful carrying out of well laid plans. The decorations were quite the most attractive and daintily seen in some time. Miss Seibert, who was in charge, had hung garlands of smilax in portiere fashion between the double arched leading from the ball room into the punch room beyond and from a central point swung a fluffy ball of huckleberry whose glossy leaves make a most effective decoration. Date palms and quantities of featherly plumes contrasted effectively with the ivory white wood work of the pillars and paneling while in every possible corner were banked potted plants and palms. The pillars were entwined with delicate vines, and a trayery of the same pretty green showed along the panels of the walls. Enchantress caravans filled a huge basket for a central decoration and some big pink chrysanthemums added another dainty touch of color to the charming hall. Filled with its galaxy of handsomely costumed men and women, it was a gorgeous sight and was witnessed by a number who came as spectators of the brilliant affair.

**Frozen Oysters.**  
Olives, green and ripe.  
Pickles, sweet and sour.  
Cheese, all kinds.  
Plum Pudding.

**Salads.**  
Potatoe, Shrimp, Nut, Potato Melange, Chicken, Fruit.  
Something especially delicious—Rich, Juicy Baked Ham.

Dancing began promptly at 9 o'clock to music furnished by the Reitz orchestra, and masks were not removed until about 10:30; when heretofore undiscovered friends appeared and no longer could one conceal one's identity. The merriment continued until past midnight. The costumes represented a charming variety and among them were some costly and beautiful ones of elaborate design.

A nice little group included Mrs. Lee Gray, Mrs. Frank Gray, Miss Alice Drou, Miss Violet Hodgkin as Turkish girls. Lee Gray and Frank Gray were in sultan costume completing a jolly and very picturesque group.

Judge and Mrs. George E. Church wore the most striking and elegant costumes of the evening, representing high Chinese dignitaries. The characters were admirably sustained. Miss Brille Woods and Miss Enny Eggers completed this clever group.

Mrs. W. H. Matson and W. F. Torrey attracted much attention as typical Irish peasants. The costumes were perfect in every detail and formed a complete disguise.

Mrs. A. J. Hudson was handsome and striking as a Pierrot in white satin and black velvet with red fulls whoop.

Mrs. H. A. Pratt made a picturesque Dolly Varden in pink, which contrasted beautifully with her dark hair and eyes.

Mrs. W. P. Lyon made a charming Cleopatra in a beautiful Egyptian costume.

Mrs. DeWitt Gray as a Dresden shepherdess was charmingly picturesque in pink silk and roses, with a shepherdess snowiness to her white frock.

Miss Eugenia Miller's costume showed much originality and was exceedingly fetching, representing a Christmas tree. A white foundation served as a background for the ornaments and on her head was a crown of ever-living yellow costume.

Mrs. S. W. Wormser was a dainty little tambourine girl and Mr. Wormser made a capital Chinese in effective costume.

Mrs. Will Sutherland looked especially picturesque in a becoming earthen costume.

Mrs. Terry Burnham was a stately colonial dame and Miss Brosnahan was a fetching little Japanese girl.

Miss Elizabeth Kennedy made a captivating Juliet who was much admired. Miss Dooley of Oakland was an attractive Folly.

Of the men, Lionel Dalton as Sunny Jim sustained a most amusing character. Will Holmes was a gallant colonial bear and Russell Ritchie was a knight of old.

F. E. Cook was a stunning yachtsman and Mrs. Cook a charming "sinful lady." Many of the men came in dominos until after the unmasking.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Davidson entertained last night at a delightful little dinner for Miss Mildred Rorick and Dr. Craycroft and the members of their bridal party. It was a truly lovely dinner with the wedding colors of green and white suggested in the lovely table decorations formed of tulle, satin ribbons and narcissus. In the center of the big round table was a plaque of narcissus and fern charmingly arranged with white tulip and green satin ribbon. Dainty silver bonbon dishes contained green candies and the candles which lighted the pretty table were shaded in green. On gold monogrammed place cards were appropriate verses which were read with much joy by the guests who included Mr. and Mrs. Frank Short, Miss Rorick, Miss Laurell Moody, Miss Eleanor Hodgkin, Miss Frankayt, Miss Jessie Wilson, Mrs. W. W. Craycroft, Harry Craycroft, Barton Wheeler of San Francisco, W. C. Fitzmer, Will Wharton, Dr. Tom Madden.

After the dinner the party went to the church for the rehearsal which has become a necessity of an elaborate church function, and later in unsupervised costume many of the young people went to the dance.

There was a quiet wedding ceremony yesterday at high noon at St. James Episcopal church uniting in wedlock Miss Anna Givens Wilson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Wilson, and Frank William McCormick, a popular young business man of this city. The wedding was scheduled to take place on Thanksgiving day but impatient young Cupid hurried matters up and about forty of the most intimate friends and relatives of the happy young pair gathered at the church yesterday to witness the ceremony.

Henry Ellis is here from Crow's Landing, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Sweet. Mr. Ellis, who formerly resided here, has just made a visit to New Mexico in twenty-five years.

J. W. Lorillard has gone to New Mexico to visit with relatives.

Miss Nelly Sweeney left this morning on the Southern Pacific for Waukeeta, Oklahoma.

## CAMPAIGN

### EXPENSES

New York State Election and What It Cost.

Some Remarkable Results of Recent Legislation Compelling Publicity.

By the average New Yorker reasonably familiar with political campaigning in the past it will no doubt be promptly confessed that he sees nothing alarming, nothing shocking, nothing startling, even in the official reports of contributions and expenditures at Albany by the various party committees and candidates this week. Such things have for years been matters of common knowledge in certain inner circles, says the New York Commercial, and the publicly given to them this year under the new law merely widens the field of popular information on this point. But these reports are extremely interesting in some of their details—more especially in the sources of the donations, in the contrasts and comparisons presented and in what some of these suggest.

The friends of Dr. Walter Hughes, a former Fresnian, now living in Alameda, will be interested in the news of his recent wedding in the bay city. Dr. Hughes is a nephew of Thomas E. Hughes, a former prominent Fresnian and a cousin of Mrs. W. D. Foote of this city. He graduated from the Fresno High school in '04 and has many friends who will be interested in the following from the San Francisco Call: Two of the Sierra club's most prominent members have become engaged as a result of congenial companionship in the last summer outing of that organization. Miss Lily Hobfield, formerly of San Francisco, will wed an Alamedan, Dr. Walter Renwick Hughes. It was in the romantic region of King River canyon that the acquaintance of the young couple began. Miss Hobfield is talented as well as attractive. She received her A. B. degree from the University of California and ranked as the highest in her class in scholarship, being awarded the gold medal that year. One year later she received the degree of M. A. from Stanford university. Dr. Hughes is also a graduate of the University of California, and is well known in Alameda's social and professional circles. Since the day Miss Hobfield has made her home at 1000 Sherman street, Alameda.

There were no corporation contributions to any of the committees or candidates. The "public conscience," it will be recalled, was recently "aroused" against that sort of thing as distinctly and shockingly immoral. Still, numerous individuals and firms with extensive corporation connections "gave up" liberally to the Republican cause. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan contributed \$20,000, for instance, and Levi P. Morton & Co. a similar amount. Had the Steel corporation and the Morton Trust company donated this \$40,000, scores of good, well-meaning citizens would no doubt have held up their hands in holy horror and protest and have declared that such a thing was nothing short of bribery—that it meant the purchase of future favors from the Hughes administration and "immunity from prosecution" by the Republican courts. There is such an enormous difference you know, between tweedle-dee and tweedle-dum!

There is one significant absence from the lists of the contributors in general—the names of men that in any way suggest the life insurance business. The companies were not solicited, of course, and one can easily imagine all the chairmen and candidates—even "Finger" Canners—sending back voluntary personal contributions from that quarter. It would be "taunted money!" How our life insurance folk must smile in their sleeves when they note their new born immunity from pocket-tapping by the campaign solicitors!

The Democratic state committee raised \$75,397 and spent practically the whole of it. The raising must have been much easier than the spending for William Randolph Hearst put up \$17,000 of the amount and William A. Chandler, his running mate, \$5,000.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

The ladies of the Congregational church are planning for a fancy work bazaar on December 15th to be held at 610 J street. Besides the dainty fancy articles so acceptable for Christmas gifts, there will be refreshments also on sale.

## BARTON OPERA HOUSE

ROBERT G. BARTON, MANAGER AND PRINCIPAL

H. H. FRAZEE PRESENTS

The Big Fun Show

## UNCLE JOSH PERKINS

WATCH FOR THE BIG PARADE OF THE HAYSEED BAND.

Special Prices 10-25-50-75 Cents

MATINEE PRICES, 25 CENTS

## MEXICO ASKS

### ASSISTANCE

## Service and Quality

When you get glasses you doubtless want something

## EMERYVILLE RACES

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—Gypsy King, the favorite in the Belgrave handicap, got a bad start and finished next to last. Three favorites won. Summary:

First race, selling, five furlongs; Gemmell, 105. (A. Brown), 6 to 1, won; Galveston, 112. (McIntyre), 30 to 1, second; Alta Spy, 105 (Sandy), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:10.4.

Second race,aturity course: Clandestine, 111 (Hochbrunn), 8 to 5, won; Tim Hurst, 109 (F. Wilson), 10 to 1, second; Little Gregg, 111 (Hetting), 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:10.3.

Third race, one and one-sixteenth miles: Morada, 110 (Robinson), even, won; Dr. Shirk, 109 (McIntyre), 13 to 1, second; Bay, 109 (Knappe), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:43.3.

Fourth race, six and a half furlongs, the Belgrave handicap: Romance, 103 (McIntyre), 11 to 2, won; Robbie, 105 (Sandy), 9 to 1, second; Martinmas, 105 (Ramsey), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:20.

Fifth race, one mile: Dutiful, 110 (Lawrence), 3 to 1, won; Liberto, 107 (Brussell), 20 to 1, second; W. B. Gates, 107. (A. Brown), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:12.4.

Sixth race, six furlongs: Sir Edward, 115 (Brussell), 3 to 2, won; St. Fratius, 108 (McIntyre), 9 to 2, second; Lizaro, 108 (Brussell), 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:13.2.

CONTROLLER NYE  
A NEWSPAPER MAN

Governor Pardee's New Appointee Is  
Highly Regarded at State

Capitol.

State Controller A. B. Nye, who was appointed state controller by Governor Pardee, is a newspaper man and has been engaged in the work for many years prior to coming to Sacramento to fill the responsible post of private secretary to the governor, says the Union of Sacramento. He is a native of this state and first made his start in the newspaper world in Vallejo, when he was 17 years old. He went to work on the Vallejo Chronicle, and his first stories were those of printer's devil. He started at the bottom and learned the business thoroughly, but reported to the reporter end. He was born in Stockton, but when a small child his parents removed from this state and went to the East. His life up to his seventeenth year was spent in Massachusetts, where he was educated.

From a reporter on the Vallejo Chronicle, Mr. Nye went to the Dixon Tribune, which he purchased. He published that paper for several years, and then went to San Francisco, where he was employed as editor of the San Francisco Alta California, and after a time filled the same position on the San Francisco Post.

Then he removed to Oakland, and with Frank Leach started the Oakland Enquirer, making it a daily paper. The work on the Enquirer occupied his attention for many years, and in time he sold out his interest, but continued as managing editor until he was called to Sacramento as private secretary to Governor Pardee.

Mr. Nye has been in public life for many years, and is one of the best-known newspaper men in the state. As private secretary to the governor he has been before the public a great deal and has a wide reputation, not only for his courteous and genial treatment of those with whom he came in contact, but for his sound judgment and executive ability in handling the many delicate cases that have been thrown into his department.

The general expression at the capitol yesterday, when the news of the appointment was made known, was that it is a good one, and that Mr. Nye is eminently fitted to fill the place. State officers and attaches at the capital flock to the governor's office and congratulated Mr. Nye on his appointment.

**In Brief.**  
T. Platt.  
First love.  
Then strife.  
She says:  
"Run through."  
He says:  
"Me too."  
—Philadelphia Ledger.

S. B. Lung Tonic  
Cures coughs, colds and hoarseness, and never fails to give satisfaction. Only at Smith Bros' Drug Store.

Hot Water Bottles  
Guaranteed. Right prices. Baker & Colson.

## MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS.

PIANO TUNING. F. H. Chamberlain, 840 L. Phone Main 617. Expert work guaranteed.

CENTRAL CALIFORNIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC—1104 O St. Instruction on piano and theory. Winter term begins Monday, Nov. 26th.

MISS KNOWLES—Piano, organ and voice instruction. Studio, room 3, over P. O. Phone Main 720. Rent, deuce 472.

MISS GRACE CRAWFORD—teacher of piano; lessons 50c. 709 N St.

THE WANDERER VOCAL STUDIO.

The correction of faulty tone production. 1533 M.

E. SAMELSON, 140 Wagner avenue, teacher of violin. Tel. Main 737. Terms moderate.

BELL T. RITCHIE—Instruction in vocal culture, 1527 M St. Phone State 2278.

MRS. L. MANSFIELD JENKINS, instructor mandolin, guitar, and banjo. 430 J street. Main 1982.

DON PARDEE RIGGS, teacher of violin and voice.

MRS. DON PARDEE RIGGS, teacher of voice. Studies 144 L St.

## LOST.

LOST—Black mare and spring wagon with cover. Found please notify Maggie Barron, 139 Bundell St. Pickwick addition.

LOST—Small yellow pony. Please return to Grand Central hotel and receive reward.

LOST—All faith in cheap plumbers. Fom Bros, corner J and Market Sts. Will do my plumbing in the future. Mrs. Hygienic.

LOST—About three weeks ago, between Bonner's Packing House and A. P. Darling's, a white Spitz dog about five months old. Reward for return to 1813 Mariposa St., or notify Box 1233, Fresno.

LOST—Diamond ring, S. E. blues. Turned in to L. E. Blakesley, Novelty theater, and receive reward.

## HELP WANTED—MALE.

WE ARE CONTRACTORS ANY LABOR, general mds., 6. F. Farnum Bros., 1413 Kinn. Main 715.

WANTED—Married man to work on ranch. Answer. State size of ranch and wages wanted, furnished or unfurnished. Address P. O. Box 675.

PEOPLES' EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Reliable help furnished. 1307 L St. phone Main 2050.

RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Help wanted and supplied. 1917 K St. Main 2382.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds good boys. 913 China alley. China 291.

ACURRIS' RELIABLE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Furniture, stock, implements, etc., bought and sold on commission. 995 J St., Fresno. Cal. Phone Main 2883.

JAPANESE HELP—K. Tomita, general labor contractor. Room 22, Plaza Building. Phone Main 676.

JAPANESE HELP—Labor contracting. Kamikawa Bros. G and Korn streets. Tel. Main 85.

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; good wages. Call 1740 L St.

HATS MADE AND TRIMMED, your material used. Miss Clean, residence 1730 J St. Phone Main 1303.

WANTED—Woman to do cooking and general housework; good wages. Inquire at office of George C. Roeding, 1225 J St.

WANTED—A good cook and housekeeper at Mrs. C. Shannon's, Tulare, Cal. R. R. No. 1; wages \$25.

WANTED—A good cook, Mrs. A. J. Smith, Bridge, Cal.

WANTED—10 to 1000 lbs. buckskin horses from \$50 to \$1000 lbs. each. Must ride and drive well. State age and price. P. O. Box 308, Fresno, Cal. P. O.

WANTED—To rent a furnished home of about 8 rooms for the winter. George C. Roeding, 1225 J St., or Main 99.

WANTED—From \$200 to \$20,000,000 to invest in Berkeley real estate; no investment so safe; no speculation so sure; no better time to buy than now. Write for information to H. A. Johnson Crane Co., 2130 Center St., Berkeley.

SECOND-HAND BICYCLES and parts. Dushman's cyclery, 1029 Fresno St. Main 089.

WANTED—To lens, vineyard, Sun Hong On Co., 635 G. China 181.

WANTED—Bids for the construction of ditchies near Reedley, Cal. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of L. L. Cory, Fresno, and at the office of Lyon Land Co., Reedley.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. S. F. Earl, 810 Eddy St., San Francisco.

WANTED—Second-hand furniture and stoves at City Furniture Co., 1143 K St. Phone Main 1877.

WANTED—Buff Plymouth Rock hens. Call 1134 P St., Fresno.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

FRESCO MILLINERY, opp. Hughes entrance, 950 I, headquarters for millinery supplies, frames, flowers, feathers, plumes, felts, loods. Cheapest in city.

MADAM HOLES, the scalp specialist, now at the Corcoran, cor. J and Merced, guarantees to cure baldness. Also does shampooing. Phone Main 180.

MISSES' TRIMMED HATS, \$1.05. Special this week. Lida Briscoe, 911 J St., Fresno.

MISS SEIBERT—Flowers and Art Goods, 1150 I St. Phone Main 2076.

BON BONNIERE Candy factory, hot drinks and tamales; wholesale and retail. 1029 1 St. Phone Main 1132.

HENRY VIEZ, FINE TAILORING for gentlemen and ladies garments. Formerly with Redfern, Paris. Over Dorsey-Robinson.

FONG KEE—First-class restaurant at Mendota. Will serve all kinds of meals 25 cents up. Best attention to all boarders. Successor to Hop Lee. Will be glad to receive Hop Lee's old patrons and will guarantee them the same attention.

W. D. BARNES has all kinds of lumber for sale at his mill on Pine Ridge. Postoffice Auberry.

MRS. ROBERT Fresno's famous medium, is here. 1013 Tulare St., room 10.

JOSEPH ASCRIZZI AND BRO., practical gardeners and florist, taking care of residence yards a specialty; prices reasonable and work guaranteed. Phone Main 558.

STAR RESTAURANT—The best 150 meal in town. 852 L St.

ACTION Furniture Co.—Buy and gain on all kinds of furniture and household goods; top price for second-hand furniture. 1126 K St. Main 2517.

DOV and MARTIN, real estate, 1139 L St., Fresno. Phone Main 594.

FOR SALE—Good 2-chair barbershop. Call or address 1828 Stanislaus St., Fresno.

FOR SALE—The Iowa House furniture, complete; will take some stock in exchange. House full of roomers and boarders. 918 N.

FOR SALE—One Indian motor cycle, model 1906, 2½ horse power; good as new. Apply Republican office.

IF YOU WANT APRICOT shells, call up Main 115. \$4.25 per ton.

FOR SALE—Oakland lodging house, centrally located, 20 rooms nicely furnished. 231 Mariposa street.

FOR SALE—Good buggy and harness. 2310 Thomas Ave.

FOR SALE—Or will trade for land, one automobile in first-class condition. Address Auto, Box 19, Republican.

NOTE FOR SALE—28 rooms completely furnished; long lease on building; cheap rent. This is a snap. Address 1305 Main 116.

FOR SALE—Second-hand bicycles, from 55 up, at the Fresno Cyclery, 1215 K.

CHOICE ALFALFA HAY for sale, in field or delivered. Call Main 1222.

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call mornings at 1517 J St.

WANTED—German or Swedish girl to do general housework. Inquire Miss Reid, at Voorman.

FRESCO MILLINERY, opp. Hughes entrance. Plumes and tips cleaned and curled. Felt hats cleaned and pressed like new, to order.

WOMEN AGED—WOMAN for cooking and general housework on vineyard. 3 in family; wages \$25. P. O. Box 7.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply afternoons, 113 San Pablo.

WANTED—Girl for housework and cooking a small family; good wages. 2220 Stanislaus St.

WANTED—A good cook, 948 K St.

WANTED—A good companion girl for general housework. Apply mornings at 1018 N St., Mrs. George H. Moore.

FOR SALE—\$300 equity in a \$2000 cottage in beautiful Pasadena to trade for Fresno property. C. A. Woods, Fresno.

## FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—20 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; one-half acre 4 miles out, 30 acres in trees, vines and alfalfa; good buildings; \$5000; \$3500 cash.

ATTRACTION, 1920 Tulare.

VINEYARD FOR SALE—35 acres, 35 in vineyard vines, 5 in Thompson seedless, 15% in peach trees; windmill and tank; all in first condition; three years old; price \$10,000. \$3000 in city property, balance on long time and easy terms. Address Owner, P. O. Box 505.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

FOR SALE—100 acres in 2-year-old vines, and alfalfa; good buildings, implements \$6000; \$3500 cash.

# UTAH COAL LAND GRAB

## AMERICANS DINED BY GERMAN OFFICIAL

Tariff Commission's Work of Arranging Treaty in Germany Was Thus Begun.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—Yon Tschirky, secretary of foreign affairs, gave a dinner last night in honor of the American tariff commission. Ambassador Tower, Baron Siegel, secretary of the imperial treasury; Von Muehberg, under secretary of the foreign office; the German delegates to the tariff conference and other persons distinguished in public life, including Professor Burgess, professor of American history at the university of Berlin and dean of Columbia university, New York, were present.

Yon Tschirky made a short speech in which he expressed his pleasure at the presence of the American representatives. Tower responded, expressing confidence that an understanding between Germany and the United States would be reached upon a mutually satisfactory basis and proposed the immediate signing of the treaty.

Frank H. Mason, American consul general at Paris, who formerly held the same position in Berlin, and who has arrived here to assist in the tariff commission's deliberations, was today officially presented to the foreign office officials by Ambassador Tower.

## DELRICH'S ESTATE FORMALLY SETTLED

Terms of Compromise Were Set Forth in Affidavits and Are Published.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Formal announcement of a compromise in the contest over the estate of the late Herman Delrich was made before Surrogate Fitzgerald by attorneys representing Charles M. Delrich, who was named as one of the principal legatees in Delrich's will, and Mrs. Herman Delrich, the widow. Mrs. Delrich was not named as a beneficiary in her husband's will. She contested the will in her own behalf and on behalf of her son, Herman Delrich Jr.

After announcing that a compromise had been reached, the attorneys submitted affidavits and other papers setting forth the terms of settlement. Surrogate Fitzgerald said that after he had considered the matter involved he would issue his decree admitting the will to probate.

According to the terms of settlement, Mrs. Delrich will receive 100 bonds of the Southern Pacific Coast Railway company valued at \$1000 each. Her son, now 15 years old, who under the will inherited but a few of the personal effects of his father, will become the possessor of Cygnus ranch, Solano county, California, valued at \$50,000.

## SUGAR TRUST IS FINED FOR REBATING

Penalty for Receiving \$26,000 is Only \$1,800 and an Appeal Is Allowed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—A fine of \$16,000 was imposed upon the American Sugar Refining company by Judge Holt in the United States circuit court today, for accepting rebates from the New York Central Railroad company.

The company was allowed sixty days to prepare to appeal the case. The rebate amounted to \$20,000.

It is understood that within a few weeks United States Attorney Stimson will move for trial some of the other pending rebate indictments.

Indictments are still pending against the Western Transit company, the Northern Steamship company and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company, in addition to indictments against the New York Central, the American Sugar Refining company of New York and the American Sugar Refining company of New Jersey.

Indictments are also pending against C. Goodloe and Edwin Earle, wholesale sugar dealers of Detroit, and Vice President Nathan Gullford of the New York Central. It is also said that the federal grand jury will shortly resume the rebating inquiry and that the carrying of commodities other than sugar is to be included in the investigation.

## EDUCATIONAL PLANS IN RUSSIAN EMPIRE

Second Only to Agrarian Reforms

Is the Importance of These Proposals.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 27.—Minister of Education Kauffman has submitted to the cabinet a plan for the reform of the primary educational system of Russia, which, next to the agrarian reforms, is recognized as the gravest problem confronting the Russian government.

Attorney Allison entered his objection to the taking of testimony of this character and asked what the commissioner would do after taking such testimony if the Utah Fuel company brought witnesses who would testify quite to the contrary.

Commissioner Clarke replied: "I have lived seven years in Utah and you can't intimidate me with any threats."

After Allison had stated that no defense had been intended a recess was taken.

He testified after the recess that the Utah Fuel company and the Pleasant Valley Coal company held 31,257 acres of coal land in Carbon county, Utah, while the records show that they have paid only \$43,050 to the government.

"I was informed in so many words," he testified, "that it is none of our business."

At the time referred to by Kingston, Binger Herman, of Oregon, was commissioner of the land office.

## MEAT INSPECTION LAW'S OPERATION

Official of Bureau of Animal Industry Reports Upon Good Results Achieved.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Alonzo D. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry, under whose office the administration of the meat inspection law enacted at the last session of congress is carried out, has returned from a western tour of inspection, which included a visit to packhouses in Chicago, Milwaukee, Denver and Kansas City.

He says everywhere there are apparent beneficial effects of the execution of the law and a manifest desire on the part of the packers to comply with its provisions. In some places new structures have replaced old ones and in others extensive improvements to the plants have been made. Dr. Melvin says there were some cases in which packers have proceeded rather grudgingly in making the necessary improvements, due to the outlay of money required.

## Germany's Big Public Debt.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—A memorandum submitted to the Reichstag today, dealing with the legislation concerning public loans since 1875, shows that the imperial debt amounted to \$550,000,000 October 1, 1908, and that more than half that sum was spent on the army and navy.

## British Mutineers Sentenced.

PORTRUSH, Nov. 27.—Two more mutineers concerned in the mutinous outbreak here November 4th were sentenced by a court martial, one to six months and the other to eighteen months imprisonment at hard labor. There are six more men to be tried for participation in the outbreak.

## Shots Fired for New York.

PANAMA, Nov. 27.—Theodore P. Shantz, chairman of the Panama Canal commission, sailed for New York yesterday on board the steamer Colon.

# WATERWAYS' IMPORTANCE

Business Men Urged to Take More Interest.

Fifty Million Dollars Yearly Is Needed from Congress for the Work.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 27.—John A. Fox, of Blytheville, Ark., member of the executive committee of the national rivers and harbors congress, was in Nashville this week and addressed the local board of trade. He was on his way from the deep waterways convention held in St. Louis last week.

Speaking of the organized movement looking to the improvement of the rivers and harbors of the United States, Fox said the newspapers had done much along the line of educating the people to the necessity of this work and creating public sentiment in its behalf. He said that his mission to Nashville was to arouse interest in the coming national rivers and harbors convention, which will be held in Washington December 5th and 7th. Fox said:

"I have visited nearly every city in the Northeast, including Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo and Detroit, within the past ten days. My visit to these cities has been in addition to the invitations sent out to various sections of the country and brought home by personal visits. The national rivers and harbors congress elected an executive committee at the last meeting, consisting of fifteen members, representing every section of the United States, there being three from the Atlantic seaboard, two from the Pacific seaboard, two from the Gulf coast states, two from the Great Lakes states, two from the Mississippi valley states, and one from the Ohio valley states, and one from the Missouri valley states.

The head of this committee is Joseph E. Ransdall of Louisiana, a member of the rivers and harbors committee of congress.

"Since the adjournment of the last congress this executive committee has been very active, has raised funds necessary for an aggressive campaign, has employed publicity bureaus, and Mr. Ransdall and myself have acted as special representatives of the executive committee during the summer and fall, visiting every section of the United States. Mr. Ransdall has made not less than 100 speeches to large gatherings from Los Angeles to Seattle on the Pacific coast, at widely distributed points in the Mississippi valley and on the Gulf coast.

I have myself visited

large cities in the Mississippi and Missouri valleys, in the extreme northern section of the Mississippi valley, on the Great Lakes and in the Ohio valley.

I have found the greatest response everywhere to this call of the national congress to organize and present a united front to congress in a demand for a regular and annual appropriation of not less than \$50,000,000.

"The reason our congress asks this sum is that during the past history of river and harbor improvements and of river and harbor appropriations have been made only spasmodically, and the river and harbor improvements have not been undertaken intelligently when the money was needed. During the past ten years while only \$19,250,000 has been appropriated annually for the rivers and harbors, the navy has received \$67,200,000, the army \$69,700,000, the postoffice department \$40,700,000, and the pensions \$143,000,000 annually. These figures show that the amount appropriated for the development of commerce, which is the savior and backbone from which all revenue is derived, was only about 2½ per cent of the total appropriations.

"There are now accumulated before the rivers and harbors committee of congress bills calling for about \$400,000,000 for projects that have been passed upon by an eminent and scrupulous board of engineers where all unworthy projects have been eliminated.

In order, therefore, that this \$400,000,000 may be forthcoming and these various worthy river and harbor improvements which have been urged by the board of engineers may be carried out, we feel that sentiment should be aroused and the public should be generally educated as to the great value that would accrue if these projects were taken care of in the next ten years.

Fifty million dollars annually will make this possible.

"Perhaps an additional impetus has been given to the need of improved waterways by the undertaking of the Panama canal, which will open an immense route for the Latin-American countries.

Perhaps the general discussion

of the railroad rate question has had a great deal to do with bringing about a general sentiment for improved waterways.

When we compare the amounts expended by our own we feel somewhat chagrined. Only \$470,000,000 has been spent by this government on all rivers, some 43,000 miles, and all the harbors throughout the country, and yet France, on 37,000 miles of waterways, has expended no less than \$1,200,000,000; Holland, \$1,400,000,000, and England 1½, now spending \$200,000,000 on thirty miles of waterways to put Manchester and Glasgow on the sea. When we consider that freight may be moved by water at one-sixth the cost by rail and realize that there are more than 16,000 miles of waterways in the Mississippi river and tributaries, it seems a crying shame that the government is so long neglecting this great undertaking.

"My mission, as a member of the executive committee in this personal visit to every commercial center I can reach before December 1st, is to urge upon the various bodies the necessity of having representation at the national congress, for while this congress does not endorse any project, nor will it allow any section to inject partisanship into any meeting, if all the various interests will help to make this congress successful in obtaining \$50,000,000 annually, each river will get its proportion share according to a just distribution of the funds at the hands of an impartial board of engineers and under the guidance of an impartial rivers and harbors committee.

The speakers on this occasion will be distinguished business men, not politicians nor statesmen, but men who know and feel the importance of this movement and who can voice the sentiments of the various sections to the assembled congressmen and senators in an audience.

Mr. and Mrs. Longworth.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Representative Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, and Mrs. Longworth, arrived today from Boston. They went to the White House where they are to be the guests of President and Mrs. Roosevelt for some time.

Shots Fired for New York.

PANAMA, Nov. 27.—Theodore P. Shantz, chairman of the Panama Canal commission, sailed for New York yesterday on board the steamer Colon.

the entire country may know about this worthy mission."

## KING OF GREECE STARTED FOR HOME

His Majesty's Visit to the Vatican Was Made Into International Incident.

ROME, Nov. 27.—King George of Greece, who has been visiting King Victor Emmanuel, left Rome today for Greece by way of Brindisi.

Rumors are current today that the Greek king's hesitation before finally calling on the pope at the Vatican, resulted from an international interest in the matter. France, it is declared, urged him not to go, and in this she was supported by Great Britain and Australia, while the Vatican pressed the possibility of the visit through Austria-Hungary and Germany.

AUBURN, N. Y., Nov. 27.—After over a month's investigation by physicians and chemists, it has been determined that the peculiar sickness in the family of William F. Wait, a merchant, is due to arsenical poisoning. Wait is still very ill and his son, Bryan, who recently graduated at Yale, is also partially paralyzed.

Harvey Clements, of Gloversville, a son-in-law, who recently spent a few days in the Wait household, was also ill for some time, as was Mrs. Wait.

The servants in the household and the coachman were among the victims of the disease.

Arsenic in sufficient quantities to produce death was found in the food-stuff in the Wait household but there is no proof to indicate the author of the crime.

## WHOLE FAMILY IS SLOWLY POISONED

Arsenic Was Found in Food, But There Is No Clue to the Perpetrator.

Under over a month's investigation by physicians and chemists, it has been determined that the peculiar sickness in the family of William F. Wait, a merchant, is due to arsenical poisoning. Wait is still very ill and his son, Bryan, who recently graduated at Yale, is also partially paralyzed.

Harvey Clements, of Gloversville, a son-in-law, who recently spent a few days in the Wait household, was also ill for some time, as was Mrs. Wait.

The servants in the household and the coachman were among the victims of the disease.

Arsenic in sufficient quantities to produce death was found in the food-stuff in the Wait household but there is no proof to indicate the author of the crime.

## PRICES CURRENT

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Business in the wheat pit was dull for the greater part of the day, many traders being disposed to await the outcome of deliveries on the first of the month. Early in the session cash interests and commission houses were fair bidders for the December option, but offerings were small. This demand partly offset the bearish effect produced by increased receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth.

Later in the session feeling in the pit became somewhat heavier. The market closed barely steady.

December opened 1-8 lower at 71-8, sold up to 73-8 and closed unchanged at 73-8.

May ranged between 78-3 and 78-8, which was 18 lower than yesterday.

Firm cables and a liberal decrease in the amount of contract grade in Chicago caused a lively demand for corn, which held firm all day. December closed 1-8 up at 43. May closed at 43-3-4@7-8.

Oats were quiet and steady. The feature of the trading was the selling of May by a leading bull. May closed at 33-3-8.

LIVERPOOL: Close—Wheat: December, 81-22 3-4; May, 81-31; cash, 81-30.

Barley: quiet; December, 81-08 3-4; May, 81-13 3-8; cash, 81-12 1/2.

Corn: quiet; large, yellow, 81-35@8-1/2 and closed at 81-78, which was 18 lower than yesterday.

NEW YORK: The market for evaporated apples is steady and there are reports that prime apples have brought 7½, although 7-3-8 seems to be about the outside figure generally speaking. High choices are quoted at 8½; choice 7-3-8; prime 7½ 6½.

Prunes are in fair demand with quotations ranging from 8 to 9 cents for California grades.

Apricots are nominally unchanged, with choice quoted at 16; extra choice 17-18; fancy 18-20.

Peaches are unchanged with new crop choice quoted at 12; extra choice 12½ and fancy 13.

Raisins continue in good demand with offerings comparatively light. Loose Muscatels are quoted at 7½@8½; seed raisins 7½@10, and London layers 8½@11.

## RETAIL MARKETS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Lemons—20¢ per dozen.

Grape Fruit—40¢ dozen.

Apples—3½@5 lb.

Naval Oranges—40¢ dozen.

Bananas—25¢@35¢ dozen.

Potatoes—2½@4½.

Pineapples—40¢@60¢.

String Beets—15¢ lb.

Green Peas—10¢ per lb.

Hubbard Squash—3¢ lb.

Green Peppers—10¢ lb.

Tomatoes—3¢@5 lb.

Radishes—2½@3¢ lb.

Cabbage—2½¢ per lb.

Horseradish—25¢ per lb.

